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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
10/643,102	08/18/2003	Mark Krier	024833-2602	3314
30542	7590 09/10/2007		· EXAMINER	
FOLEY & LARDNER LLP P.O. BOX 80278		A, MII	A, MINH D	
SAN DIEGO,	CA 92138-0278	*	ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
			2821	
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			MAIL DATE	DELIVERY MODE
			09/10/2007	PAPER

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

The time period for reply, if any, is set in the attached communication.

		•		sel.
	,	Application No.	Applicant(s)	
		10/643,102	KRIER ET AL.	
د سه	Office Action Summary	Examiner	Art Unit	
		Minh D. A	2821	
Period fe	The MAILING DATE of this communication apport	pears on the cover sheet w	ith the correspondence address	
A SH WHIC - Exte after - If NO - Failu Any	ORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLICATION OF THE MAILING DISTRICT OF THE MAILIN	ATE OF THIS COMMUNI 36(a). In no event, however, may a will apply and will expire SIX (6) MOI e, cause the application to become A	CATION. reply be timely filed  NTHS from the mailing date of this communication BANDONED (35 U.S.C. § 133).	
Status	·			
1)	Responsive to communication(s) filed on 23 M	lay 2007.	·	
2a)		action is non-final.		
3)	Since this application is in condition for allowa	nce except for formal mat	ters, prosecution as to the merits is	5
	closed in accordance with the practice under E	•		
Disposit	ion of Claims			
	Claim(s) 1-17 and 23-25 is/are pending in the	annlication		
7/23	4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdra	• •		
5)□	Claim(s) is/are allowed.	with the first consideration.		
	Claim(s) <u>1-17 and 23-25</u> is/are rejected.			
7)	Claim(s) is/are objected to.			
	Claim(s) are subject to restriction and/o	or election requirement.		
		·		
_	ion Papers			
	The specification is objected to by the Examine		<u>-</u>	•
10)[_]	The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a) acc			
	Applicant may not request that any objection to the	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	• •	
11)	Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correct			d).
اسارا	The oath or declaration is objected to by the Ex	caminer. Note the attache	office Action of form P10-152.	
Priority (	ınder 35 U.S.C. § 119			
	Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign  ☐ All b)☐ Some * c)☐ None of:	priority under 35 U.S.C. §	§ 119(a)-(d) or (f).	
- ,	1. Certified copies of the priority document	s have been received.		
	.2. Certified copies of the priority document		application No	
	3. Copies of the certified copies of the prior			
	application from the International Bureau			
* 8	See the attached detailed Office action for a list	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	received.	
Attachmen	t(s)			
	e of References Cited (PTO-892)		Summary (PTO-413)	
_	e of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948) mation Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO/SB/08)		s)/Mail Date nformal Patent Application	
	r No(s)/Mail Date	6)  Other:		

Art Unit: 2821

#### **DETAILED ACTION**

# Double Patenting

1. The nonstatutory double patenting rejection is based on a judicially created doctrine grounded in public policy (a policy reflected in the statute) so as to prevent the unjustified or improper timewise extension of the "right to exclude" granted by a patent and to prevent possible harassment by multiple assignees. A nonstatutory obviousness-type double patenting rejection is appropriate where the conflicting claims are not identical, but at least one examined application claim is not patentably distinct from the reference claim(s) because the examined application claim is either anticipated by, or would have been obvious over, the reference claim(s). See, e.g., *In re Berg*, 140 F.3d 1428, 46 USPQ2d 1226 (Fed. Cir. 1998); *In re Goodman*, 11 F.3d 1046, 29 USPQ2d 2010 (Fed. Cir. 1993); *In re Longi*, 759 F.2d 887, 225 USPQ 645 (Fed. Cir. 1985); *In re Van Ornum*, 686 F.2d 937, 214 USPQ 761 (CCPA 1982); *In re Vogel*, 422 F.2d 438, 164 USPQ 619 (CCPA 1970); and *In re Thorington*, 418 F.2d 528, 163 USPQ 644 (CCPA 1969).

A timely filed terminal disclaimer in compliance with 37 CFR 1.321(c) or 1.321(d) may be used to overcome an actual or provisional rejection based on a nonstatutory double patenting ground provided the conflicting application or patent either is shown to be commonly owned with this application, or claims an invention made as a result of activities undertaken within the scope of a joint research agreement.

Effective January 1, 1994, a registered attorney or agent of record may sign a terminal disclaimer. A terminal disclaimer signed by the assignee must fully comply with 37 CFR 3.73(b).

2. Claims 1-2 and 3-8 and 9-17 are provisionally rejected on the ground of nonstatutory obviousness-type double patenting as being unpatentable over claims 2,9-11. 12, 14-15 of copending Application No. 2004/0169614A1. Although the conflicting claims are not identical, they are not patentably distinct from each other because (i) the claimed invention of independent claims 1, 3, 9 and claims 2, 9-11 and 12, 14-15 of the stated U.S. copending Application No. 2004/0169614A1 are directed to a common subject matter, and (ii) the limitation "a first portion; a second portion; a third portion, the third portion coupled to the first portion and to the second portion; and a substrate, the substrate comprising at least one void, wherein the first portion, the second portion, and

Art Unit: 2821

the third portion define a capacitively coupled antenna, and wherein the antenna is coupled to the substrate and wherein a capacitive area of the antenna substantially spans the void" recited in claims 9-11 and 12, 14-15 of the stated U.S. copending Application No. 2004/0169614A1 such inclusion of part for the same practice would have been obviously well recognized by a person skilled in the art.

This is a <u>provisional</u> obviousness-type double patenting rejection because the conflicting claims have not in fact been patented.

3. Claims 23-25 are rejected on the ground of nonstatutory obviousness-type double patenting as being unpatentable over claims 2, 9-11 of copending Application No. 2004/0169614A1 in view of Parsche et al (US 6,597,318).

Regarding claims 23 and 25 claims 2, 9-11 of copending Application No. 2004/0169614A1 obviously discloses all of the claimed inventions of the claims 23 and 25 except for a plurality of antennas a wherein the at least two of the antennas each includes a capacitive area.

Parshe discloses a loop antenna and feed coupler for reduced interaction with tuning adjustment comprising: the substrate (101) comprising at least one void, see figures 3-4, and a capacitively coupled dipole antenna (106), and wherein the antenna (106) is coupled to the substrate (101). See figures 1-5, co1.3, lines 45-67 to co1.7, lines 1-50.

It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art to use the substrate (101) comprising at least one void, a capacitively coupled dipole antenna (106), and wherein the antenna (106) is coupled to the substrate (101) as suggested by

Application/Control Number: 10/643,102 Page 4

Art Unit: 2821

Parshe in the antenna system of copending Application No. 2004/0169614A1 in order to improve more antennas associate with voids on the substrate, since a modern electronic components that are commonly available and understood in the art as shown in Parshe, in order to gain the commonly understood benefits of such adaptation, such as decreased size, increased reliability, simplified operation, and reduced cost.

Regarding claim 24, Copending Application 2004/01696A does not disclose that, wherein the system comprise a wrist type of apparatus.

However, the wrist type of apparatus selected at a desired difference type apparatus based on a particular application or environment of use and such a selection would have been involved with only routine skill in the art. Therefore, to employ the wrist type of apparatus level to be suitable to a desired application or environment of use would have been deemed obvious to a person skilled in the art.

#### Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 102

4. The following is a quotation of the appropriate paragraphs of 35 U.S.C. 102 that form the basis for the rejections under this section made in this Office action:

A person shall be entitled to a patent unless -

- (b) the invention was patented or described in a printed publication in this or a foreign country or in public use or on sale in this country, more than one year prior to the date of application for patent in the United States.
- 5. Claims 1, 3-6, 9, 12, 14, 23 and 25 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(B) as being anticipated by Jong Cheo Yoon (UK Patent Application; GB 2,387,489).

Art Unit: 2821

Regarding claims 1,3, 9 and 23, figures 4b-4c, Jong Cheo discloses a planar antenna comprising a first portion (47); a second portion (43); a third portion (46)), the third portion (478) coupled to the first portion (46) and to the second portion (43)); and a substrate (101), the substrate (41) comprising at least one void, (figures 4b); wherein the first portion (47), the second portion (43), and the third portion (46) define a capacitively coupled dipole antenna and wherein the antenna is coupled to the substrate, and wherein a capacitive area of the antenna substantially spans void. See figures 1-4c, page 14 to page 17.

Regarding claim 4, Jong Cheo discloses wherein the third portion (46) comprises a length having a first end and a second end, and wherein the length is longer than a straight time distance between the first end and the second end. See figure 4c.

Regarding claims 5-6, Jong Cheo discloses wherein one or more portion of the third portion is disposed relative to the first portion and the second portion in a nonparallel relationship. See figures 4a-4c.

Regarding claim 12, Jong Cheo discloses wherein the system comprises a plurality of circuits. Figures 4a-4c.

Regarding claim 14, Jong Cheo discloses wherein the substrate comprises a second void, wherein at least one of the plurality of circuits is disposed within the second void. Figures 4a-4c.

Regarding claim 25, Jong Cheo discloses the at least two of the antennas comprise capacitor coupled dipole antennas. See figures 4-11C.

Application/Control Number: 10/643,102 Page 6

Art Unit: 2821

# Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

6. The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:

- (a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.
- 7. Claims 2, 13 and 16 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over by Jong Cheo Yoon (UK Patent Application; GB 2,387,489).

Regarding claims 2, 13 and 16, Jong Cheo essentially discloses the claimed invention but does not explicitly disclose that the antenna is configured to operate at a frequency selected from a group consisting of a GPS, and cellular phone frequency. It would have been an obvious matter of design choice to employ Jong Cheo in frequency selected of a group of GPS and cellular phone in order to maximize the usage of his invention, since applicant does not disclose that, all of these limitations can solve any stated problem and for any particular purpose. Therefore, it appears that the invention would not provide any improvement but merely apply the invention in different presentation.

8. Claims 7-8, 10-11 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over by Jong Cheo Yoon (UK Patent Application; GB 2,387,489) in view of Shamir et al (US 2004/0135726A1).

Regarding claims 7-8, 10-11, Jong Cheo discloses the claimed on invention except a high dissipation factor substrate or a FR4 substrate. However, Shamir

Art Unit: 2821

discloses a high dissipation factor substrate or a FR4 substrate. See co1.3, lines [0030] to lines [[0031].

It would have been an obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to employ a FR4 substrate such as that suggested by Shamir in the system of Jong Cheo to provide a high dielectric constant and decrease the effective wavelength of the electrical signal at antenna.

9. Claims 15, 17 and 24 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over by Jong Cheo Yoon (UK Patent Application; GB 2,387,489) in view of Ohoka et al (US 6,281,854).

Regarding claims 15, 17 and 24, Jong Cheo discloses claimed of invention except a wrist type apparatus. However, Ohoka discloses a wrist apparatus. See co1.1, lines 12- 26.

It would have been an obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to employ a wrist apparatus such as that suggested by Ohoka in the system of Jong Cheo to provide a small or thin antenna or small antenna device for generating a high frequency.

# Citation of relevant prior art

The prior art made of record and not relied upon is considered pertinent to applicant's disclosure.

The prior art made of record and not relied upon is considered pertinent to applicant's disclosure. Honda (US 6,515,630) and Matsuyoshi et al. (US 6,549,169) are cited to show an antenna for wireless communication.

Art Unit: 2821

# Inquiry

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Minh Dieu A whose telephone number is (571) 272-1817. The examiner can normally be reached on M-F (5:30 AM-2:45 PM).

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Timothy Callahan can be reached on (571) 272-1740. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 571-273-8300.

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free).

Page 9

Examiner

Minh A

Art Unit 2821

8/20/07

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